Procedures to file a request to the DGIP (Directorate General of Intellectual Property) for Patent Prosecution Highway Pilot Programbetween the DGIP and the KIPO (Korean Intellectual Property Office)

Part I PPH using the national work products from the KIPO

Applicants can request accelerated examination by a prescribed procedure including submission of relevant documents on an application which is filed with the DGIP and satisfies the following requirements under the DGIP-KIPO Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) pilot program based on the KIPO application.

When filing a request for the PPH pilot program, an applicant must submit a request form to the DGIP.

The offices may terminate the PPH pilot program if the volume of participation exceeds manageable level, or for any other reason. Ex Ante notice will be published if the PPH pilot programis terminated.

The PPH pilot program will be in effect for **three (3) years** commencing **on 8 December 2023** and will end on **8 November 2026**. However, the program may be extended after a joint DGIP-KIPO review and assessment of the program implementation.

1. Requirements

(a) Both the DGIP application on which PPH is requested and the KIPO application(s) forming the basis of the PPH request shall have the same earliest date (whether thisbe a priority date or a filing date).

For example, the DGIP application (including PCT national phase application) may be either:

- an application which validly claims priority under the Paris Convention from the KIPO application(s) except for a complex priority (examples are provided in ANNEX I, Figures A, B, C, H, I and J), or
- ii. an application which provides the basis of a valid priority claim under the Paris Convention for the KIPO application(s) (including PCT national phase application(s)) (examples are provided in ANNEX I, Figures D and E), or

iii. a PCT national phase application where both the DGIP application and the KIPO application(s) are derived from a common PCT international application having no priority claim (an example is provided in ANNEX I, Figures K, L, M and N).

(b) Patent applications have been initiated in the Office of the KIPO or the DGIP.

Patent applications belong to a patent family of which at least the earliest application was filed with the DGIP or the KIPO acting as a national office (an example of the application which does not comply with this requirement is provided in ANNEX I, Figures F and G). The DGIP application which validly claims priority direct PCT applications is also eligible.

(c) At least one corresponding application exists in the KIPO and has one or more claimsthat are determined to be patentable/allowable by the KIPO.

The corresponding application(s) can be the application which forms the basis of the priorityclaim, an application which derived from the KIPO application which forms the basis of the priority claim (e.g., a divisional application of the KIPO application or an application which claims domestic priority to the KIPO application (see Figure C in Annex I)), or an KIPO national phase application of a PCT application (see Figures J, K, M and N in Annex I).

Claims are "determined to be patentable/allowable" when the KIPO examiner clearly identified the claims to be patentable/allowable in the latest office action, even if the application is not granted for patent yet. The office action includes:

- (a) Decision to Grant a Patent
- (b) Notification of Reasons for Refusal
- (c) Decision of Refusal
- (d) Appeal Decision

For example, if the following routine expression is described in the "Notification of Reason for Refusal" of the KIPO, those claims are clearly identified to be patentable/allowable.

"<Claims which has been found no reason for refusal>

At present for invention concerning Claim, no reason for refusal is found."

(d) All claims on file, as originally filed or as amended, for examination under the PPH must sufficiently correspond to one or more of those claims indicated as patentable/allowable in the KIPO.

Claims are considered to "sufficiently correspond" where, accounting for differences due totranslations and claim format, the claims in the DGIP are of the same or similar scope as the claims in the KIPO, or the claims in the DGIP are narrower in scope than the claims in the KIPO.

In this regard, a claim that is narrower in scope occurs when a KIPO claim is amended to be further limited by an additional feature that is supported in the specification(description and/or claims).

A claim in the DGIP which introduces a new/different category of claims to those claims indicated as allowable in the KIPO is not considered to sufficiently correspond.

For example, where the KIPO claims only contain claims to a process of manufacturing a product, then the claims in the DGIP are not considered to sufficiently correspond if the DGIP claims introduce product claims that are dependent on the corresponding process claims.

Any claims amended or added after the grant of the request for participation in the PPH pilot program need not to sufficiently correspond to the claims indicated as patentable/allowable in the KIPO application.

(e) The DGIP has not begun examination of the application at the time of request for the PPH (an example is provided in ANNEX I, figures O and P).

(f) The first office action has not been issued at the time of request for the PPH (an example is provided in ANNEX I, figures Q and R).

2. Documents to be submitted

Documents (a) to (d) below must be submitted by attaching to the PPH request.

(a) Copies of all office actions (which are relevant to substantial examination for patentability in the KIPO) which were issued for the corresponding application by the KIPO, and translations of them¹

Either Indonesian or English is acceptable as translation language. The applicant does not have to submit a copy of KIPO office actions and translations of them when those documents are provided via K-PION (http://kposd.kipo.go.kr:8088/up/kpion/) (KIPO's dossier access system) because the office actions and their machine translations are available for the DGIP examiner via the KIPO's dossier access system. If they cannot be obtained by the DGIP examiner via the dossier access system, the applicant may be notified and requested to provide the necessary documents.

(b) Copies of all claims determined to be patentable/allowable by the KIPO, and translations of them.

Either Indonesian or English is acceptable as translation language. The applicant does not have to submit a copy of claims indicated to be patentable/allowable in the KIPO, and translations thereof when the documents are provided via KIPO's dossier access system because they are available for the DGIP examiner via the KIPO's dossier access system. If they cannot be obtained by the DGIP examiner via the KIPO's dossier access system, the applicant may be notified and requested to provide the necessary documents.

(c) Copies of references cited by the KIPO examiner

If the references are patent documents, the applicant doesn't have to submit them because the DGIP usually possesses them. When the DGIP does not possess the patent document, the applicant has to submit the patent document at the examiner's request. Non-patent literature must always be submitted. The translations of the references are unnecessary.

(d) Claim correspondence table

The applicant requesting PPH must submit a claim correspondence table,

¹ Machine translations will be admissible, but if it is impossible for the examiner to understand the outline of the translated office action or claims due to insufficient translation, the examiner can request the applicant to resubmit translations.

which indicateshow all claims in the DGIP application sufficiently correspond to the patentable/allowable claims in the KIPO application.

When claims are just literal translation, the applicant can just write down that "they are thesame" in the table. When claims are not just literal translation, it is necessary to explain the sufficient correspondence of each claim. When the applicant has already submitted above documents (a) to (d) to the DGIP through simultaneous or past procedures, the applicant may incorporate the documents by reference and does not have to attach them.

3. PPH request form

Subject: Rec	quest for an accelerated examination under the PPH pilot programDate of				
Application					
Title of the invention:					
Applicant:					
This ap expired.	pplication has been published and the opposition period (6 months from the publicationdate) has been				
The acceler	rated examination is requested based on a KIPO application (the application number is) under the PPH pilot program. For this purpose, the following documents are attached:				
	Copies of all office actions (which are relevant to substantial examination for patentability in				
	the KIPO) which were issued for the corresponding application by the KIPO and translations of				
	them				
	Copies of all claims determined to be patentable/allowable by the KIPO and translations of them				
	Copies of references cited by the KIPO examiner				
	Claim correspondence table				

Part I PPH using the national work products from the KIPO

Claim correspondence table					
The claim in	The patentable				
the DGIP	claim in the KIPO	Comments about the correspondence			

(Documents to be omitted to submit)

Part II PPH using the PCT international work products from the KIPO

Applicants can request accelerated examination by a prescribed procedure including submission of relevant documents on an application which is filed with the DGIP and satisfies the following requirements under the DGIP-KIPO Patent Prosecution Highway pilot program based on PCT international work products (PCT-PPH pilot program).

When filing a request for the PCT-PPH pilot program, an applicant must submit a request form to the DGIP.

The Offices may terminate the PCT-PPH pilot program if the volume of participation exceeds manageable level, or for any other reason. Ex Ante notice will be published if the PPH pilot programis terminated.

The PPH pilot program will be in effect for **three (3) years** commencing on **December 8, 2023** and will end on **November 8, 2026**. However, the program may be extended after a joint DGIP-KIPO review and assessment of the program implementation.

1. Requirements

The application which is filed with the DGIP and on which the applicant files a request under the PCT-PPH must satisfy the following requirements:

(1) The latest work product in the international phase of a PCT application corresponding to the application ("international work product"), namely the Written Opinion of International Search Authority (WO/ISA), the Written Opinion of International Preliminary Examination Authority (WO/IPEA) or the International Preliminary Examination Report (IPER), indicates at least one claim as patentable/allowable (from the aspect of novelty, inventive steps and industrial applicability).

Note that the ISA and the IPEA which produced the WO/ISA, WO/IPEA and the IPER are limited to the KIPO, but, if priority is claimed, the priority claim can be based on an application in any Office, see example A' in Annex II.

The applicant cannot file a request under PCT-PPH on the basis of an International Search Report (ISR) only.

In case any observation is described in Box VIII of WO/ISA, WO/IPEA or IPER which forms the basis of a PCT-PPH request, the applicant must explain why the claim(s) is/are not

subject to the observation irrespective of whether or not an amendment is submitted to correct the observation noted in Box VIII. The application will not be eligible for participating in PCT-PPH pilot program if the applicant does not explain why the claim(s) is/are not subject to the observation. In this regard, however, it does not affect the decision on the eligibility of the application whether the explanation is adequate and/or whether the amendment submitted overcomes the observation noted in Box VIII.

(2) The DGIP application and the corresponding international application shall have thesame earliest date (whether this be a priority date or a filing date).

For example, the DGIP application may be either:

- (a) a national phase application of the corresponding international application.
 (See Figures A and A' in Annex II), or
- (b) a national application as a basis of the priority claim of the corresponding international application. (See Figure B in Annex II), or
- (c) a national phase application of an international application claiming priority from the corresponding international application. (See Figure C in Annex II), or
- (d) a national application claiming foreign priority from the corresponding international application. (See Figure D in Annex II), or
- (e) a derivative application (divisional application and application claiming domestic priority etc.) of an application which satisfies one of the above requirements (A) – (D). (See Figures E1 and E2 in Annex II).

(3) Patent applications have been initiated in the Office of the KIPO or the DGIP.

Patent applications belong to a patent family of which at least the earliest application was filed with the KIPO or the DGIP acting as a national office (See Figure A' in Annex II). The DGIP application which validly claims priority to direct PCT applications is also eligible.

(4) All claims on file, as originally filed or as amended, for examination under the PCT-PPHmust sufficiently correspond to one or more of those claims indicated as allowable in the latest international work product of the corresponding international application.

Claims are considered to "sufficiently correspond" where, accounting for differences due to translations and claim format, the claims in the DGIP are of the same or similar scope as the claims indicated as allowable in the latest international work product, or the claims in the DGIP are narrower in scope than the claims indicated as allowable in the latest international workproduct.

In this regard, a claim that is narrower in scope occurs when a claim indicated as allowable in the latest international work product is amended to be further limited by an additional feature that is supported in the specification (description and/or claims).

A claim in the DGIP which introduces a new/different category of claims to those claims indicated as allowable in the latest international work product is not considered to sufficiently correspond. For example, where the claims indicated as allowable in the latest international work product only contain claims to a process of manufacturing a product, then the claims in the DGIP are not considered to sufficiently correspond if the DGIP claims introduce product claims that are dependent on the corresponding process claims.

Any claims amended or added after the grant of the request for participation in the PCT-PPH pilot program need not to sufficiently correspond to the claims indicated as allowable in the latest international work product.

(5) The DGIP has not begun examination of the application at the time of request for the PCT-PPH.

(6) The first office action has not been issued at the time of request for the PPH.

2. Documents to be submitted

The applicant must submit the following documents attached to the request form in filing a request under PCT-PPH. Some of the documents may not be required to submit in certain cases.

(1) A copy of the latest international work product which indicated the claims to be patentable/allowable and their Indonesian or English translations if they are not in English.

In case the application satisfies the relationship 1.(2)(A), the applicant need not submit a copy of the International Preliminary Report on Patentability (IPRP) and any English translations thereof because a copy of these documents is already contained in the file-wrapper of the application. In addition, if the copy of the latest international work product

and the copy of the translation are available via "PATENTSCOPE (registered trademark)"², an applicant need not submit these documents, unless otherwise requested by the DGIP. (WO/ISA and IPER are usually available as "IPRP Chapter I" and "IPRP Chapter II" respectivelyin 30 months after the priority date.)

(2) A copy of a set of claims which the latest international work product of the corresponding international application indicated to be patentable/allowable and their Indonesian or English translations if they are not in English

If the copy of the set of claims which are indicated to be patentable/allowable is available via "PATENTSCOPE (registered trademark)" (e.g. the international Patent Gazette has been published), an applicant need not submit this document unless otherwise requested by the DGIP. Where the set of claims is written in Korean language, the translations thereof must be still submitted by an applicant.

(3) A copy of references cited in the latest international work product of the international application corresponding to the application.

If the reference is a patent document, the applicant is not required to submit it. In case the DGIP has difficulty in obtaining the document, however, the applicant may be asked to submit it. Non-patent literature must always be submitted. Translations of cited references are unnecessary.

(4) A claims correspondence table which indicates how all claims in the application sufficiently correspond to the claims indicated to be patentable/allowable.

When claims are just literal translation, the applicant can just write down that "they are the same" in the table. When claims are not just literal translation, it is necessary to explain the sufficient correspondence of each claim based on the criteria 1. (4) (Please refer to the Example form below).

When an applicant has already submitted the above-mentioned documents (1) - (4) to the DGIP through simultaneous or past procedures, the applicant may incorporate the documents byreference and is thus not required to attach the documents.

² <u>http://www.wipo.int/pctdb/en/index.jsp</u>

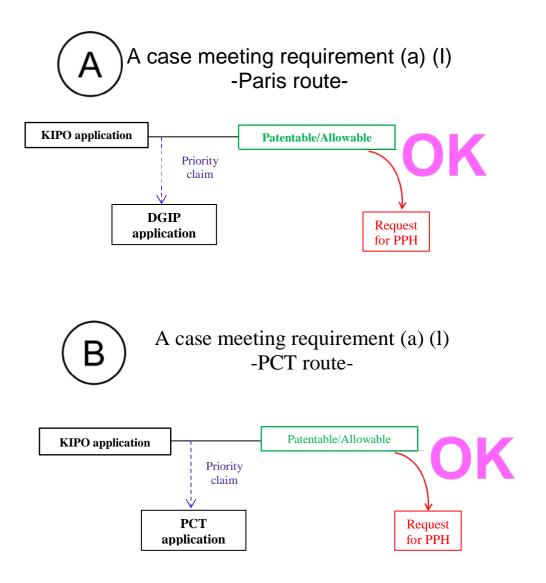
3. PCT-PPH request form

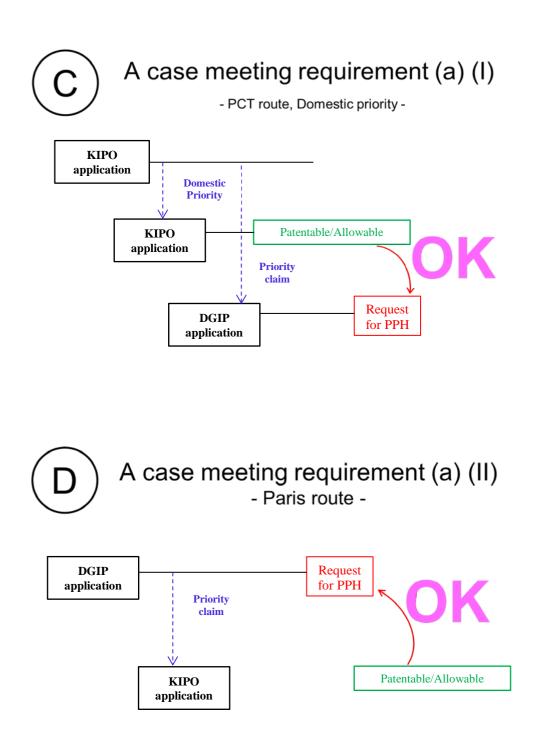
Subject: Request for an accelerated examination under the PCT-PPH pilot programDate of filing:
Application number: Title of the invention: Applicant:
This application has been published and the opposition period (6 months from the publicationdate) has been expired.
The accelerated examination is requested based on a PCT international application (the applicationnumber is) under the PCT-PPH pilot program. For this purpose, the following
documents are attached:
A copy of the latest international work product which indicated the claims to be patentable/allowable and
Their Indonesian or English translations if they are not in English
 A copy of a set of claims which the latest international work product of the corresponding international application indicated to be patentable/allowable and Their Indonesian or English translations if they are not in English
A copy of references cited in the latest international work product of the international application corresponding to the application
A claims correspondence table which indicates how all claims in the application sufficiently correspond to the claims indicated to be patentable/allowable

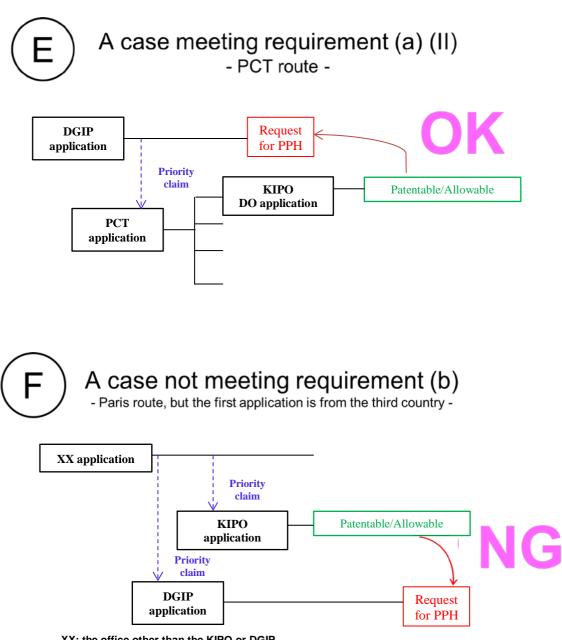
Part II PPH using the PCT international work products from the KIPO

Claim correspondence table						
The claim in the DGIP	The patentable claim in the international phase	Comments about the correspondence				

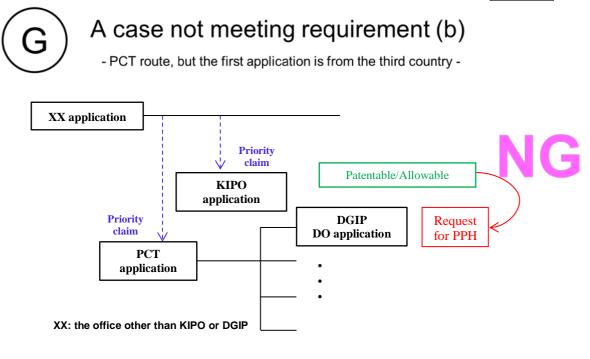
(Documents to be omitted to submit)



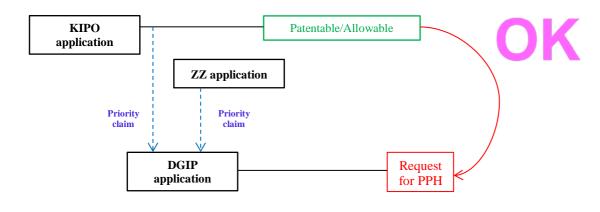




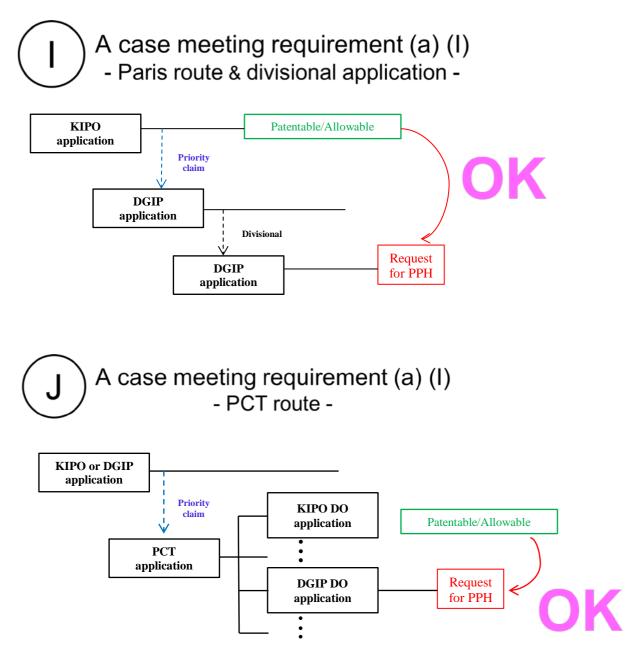
XX: the office other than the KIPO or DGIP

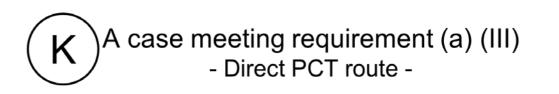


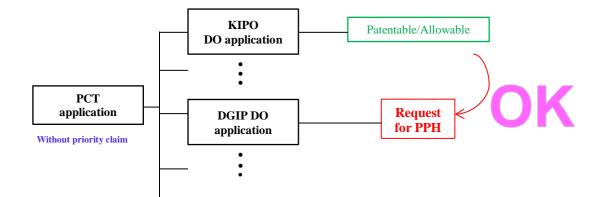
H A case meeting requirement (a) (I) - Paris route & Complex priority -



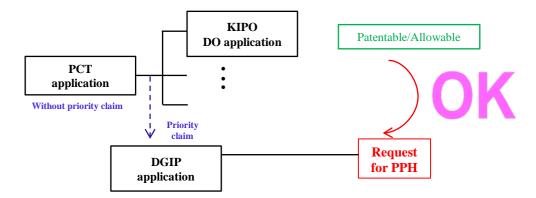
ZZ: any office

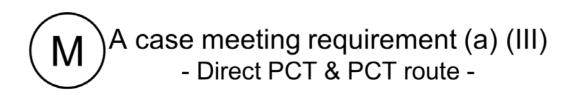


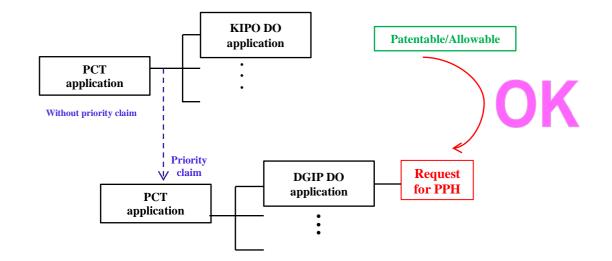




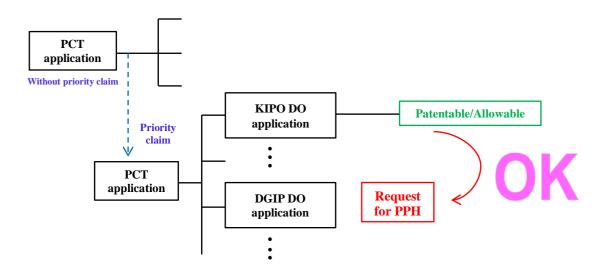
LA case meeting requirement (a) (III) - Direct PCT & Paris route -



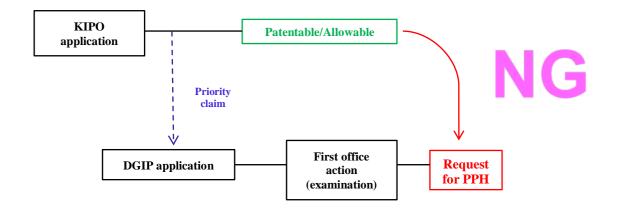




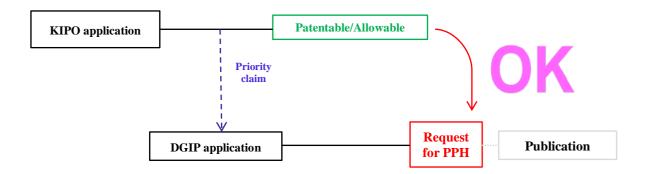
N A case meeting requirement (a) (III) - Direct PCT & PCT route -





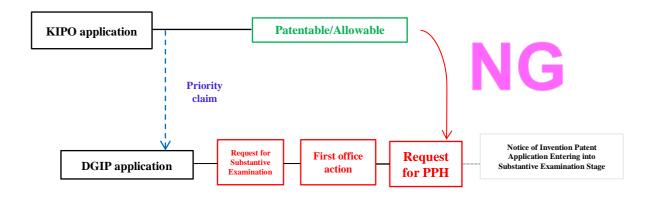


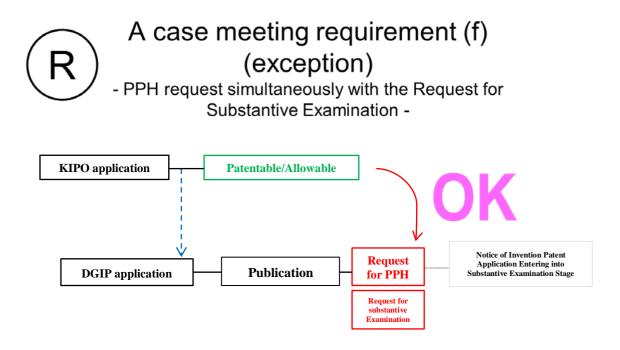
P-A case not prive the application has not been published at the time of request for PPH -



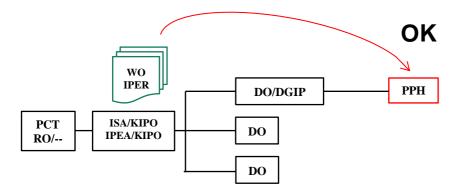
A case not meeting requirement (f)

-The application has received the first office action at the time of request for PPH -

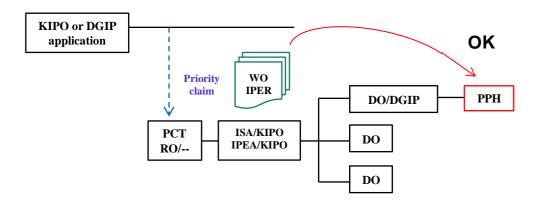




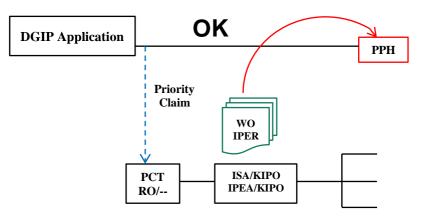
(a) The application is a national phase application of the corresponding international application.



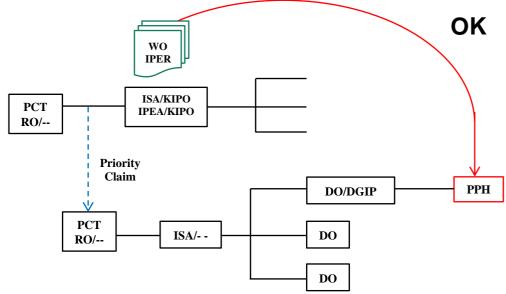
 (A') The application is a national phase application of the corresponding international application.
 (The corresponding international application claims priority from KIPO or DGIP application.)



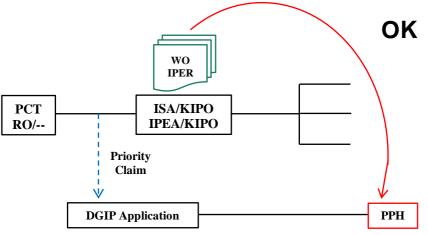
(B) The application is a national phase application as a basis of the priority claim of the corresponding international application.



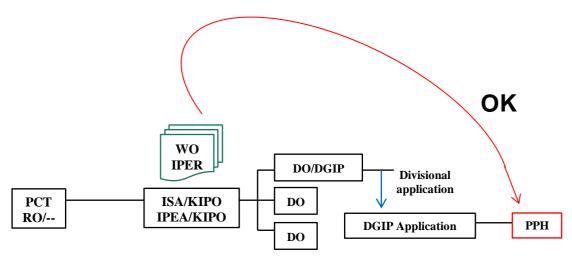
(C) The application is a national phase application of an international application claiming priority from the corresponding international application.



(D) The application is a national phase application claiming foreign/domestic priority from the corresponding international application.



(E1) The application is a divisional application of an application which satisfies the requirement (A).



(E2) The application is an application claiming domestic priority from DGIP application which satisfies the requirement (B).

